LONG BEACH & LOS ANGELES COUNTY **ECONOMIC UPDATE**

Long Beach Quarterly Economic Forum November 19, 2020

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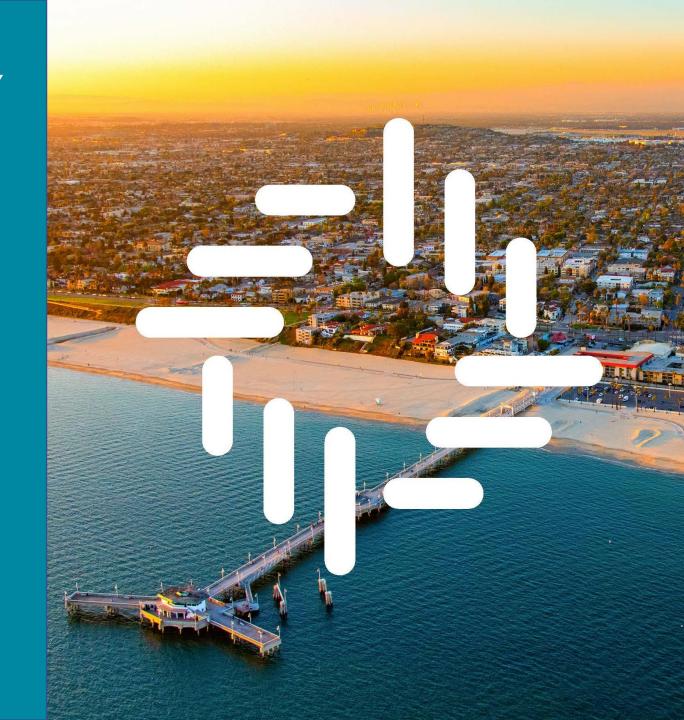
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MEGAN ANAYA

Graduate Student Researcher

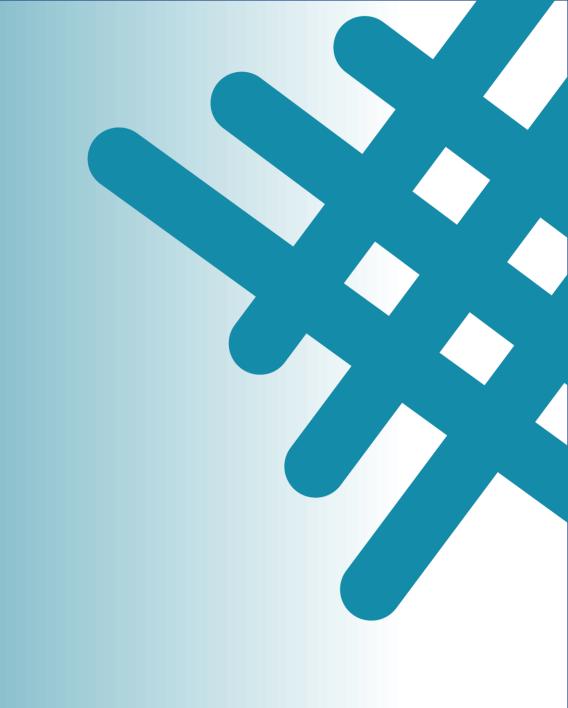
CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, LONG BEACH



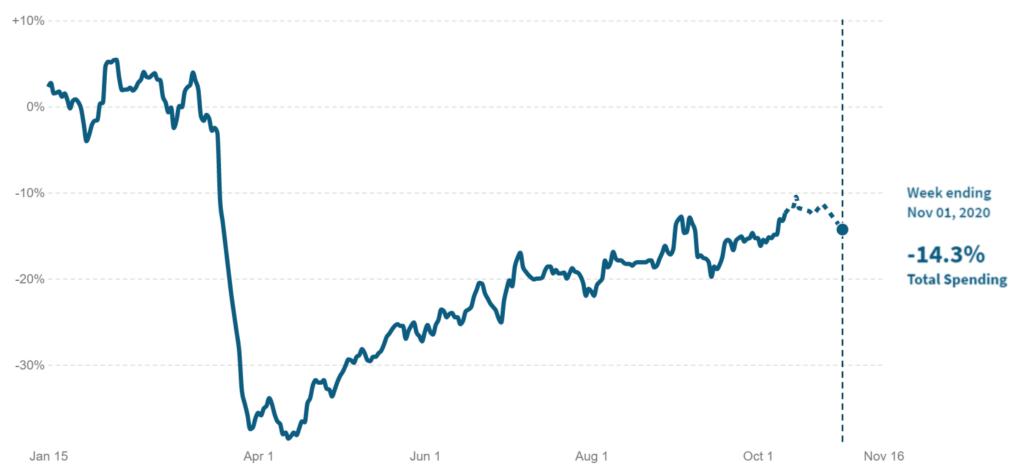


Los Angeles County





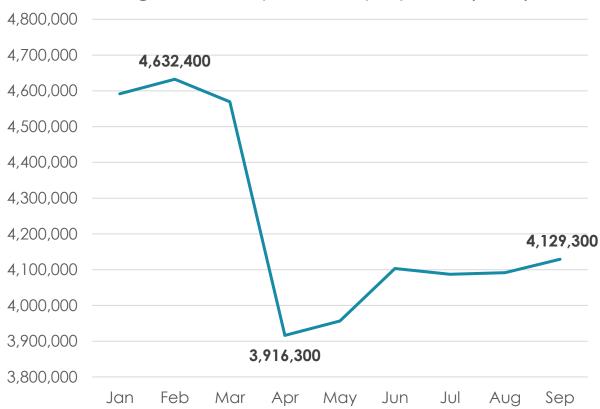
Consumer Spending





Shutdown Job Losses Recovered

Los Angeles County Total Employment (2020)



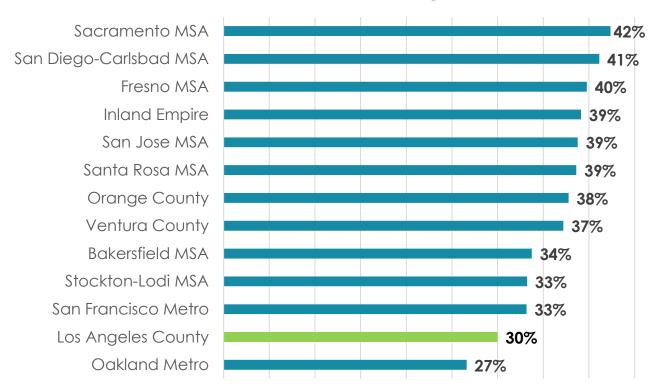
LA County Jobs Lost and Recovered

- 716,300 jobs lost from February to April
 - 16% loss in two months
- 213,000 jobs gained from April to September
 - 30% lost jobs recovered
- Total employment is 89% of February
 - 11% lower than in February



Shutdown Job Losses Recovered

% Recovered of Jobs Lost During Shutdown

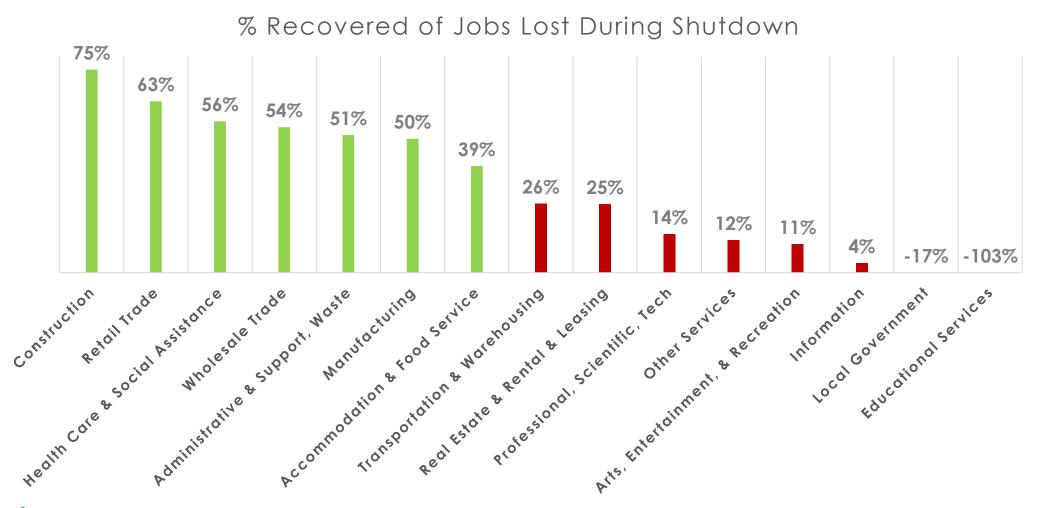


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Shutdown Job Losses Recovered by Industry





Shutdown Job Losses Recovered by Industry



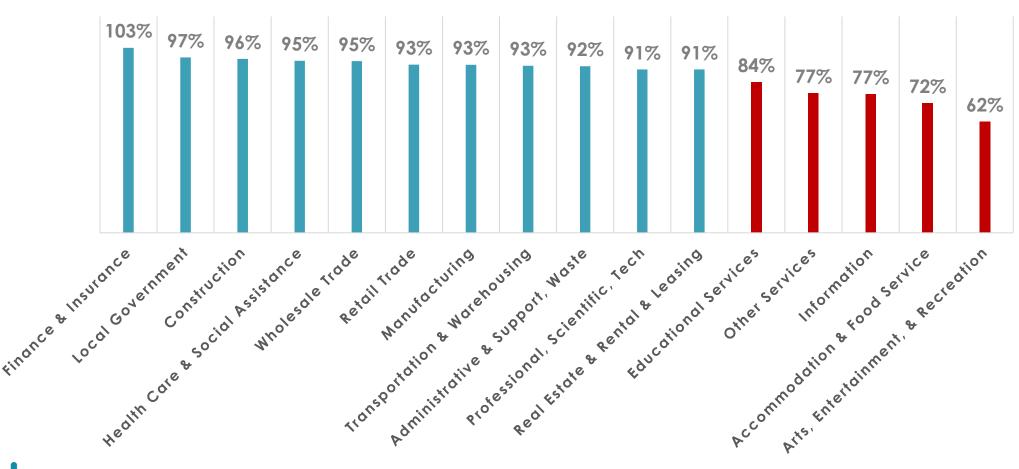
Disparate Employment Impacts

- Educational Services
 - 11,900 jobs lost during shutdown
 - 12,200 additional jobs lost since shutdown
- Finance & Insurance
 - 3,400 jobs gained during shutdown
 - 200 additional jobs gained since shutdown



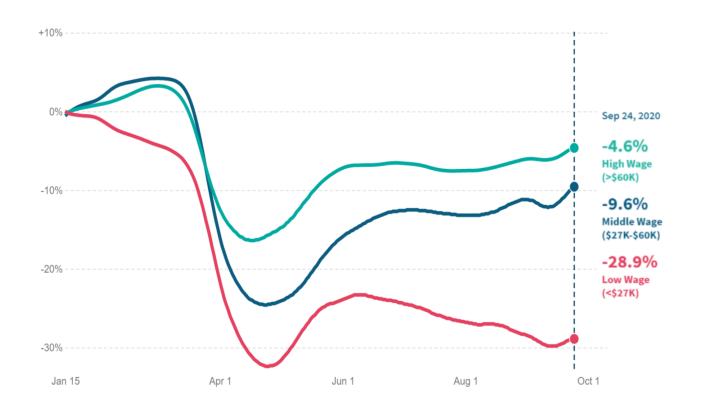
Jobs Now vs. Before Shutdown

September Employment as % of February Employment





Net Job Losses by Income Group



Employment Changes Since January

- More than \$60,000 per year:
 - Employment is 5% lower than January
- \$27,000 to \$60,000 per year:
 - Employment is 10% lower than January
- Less than \$27,000 per year:
 - Employment is 30% lower than January



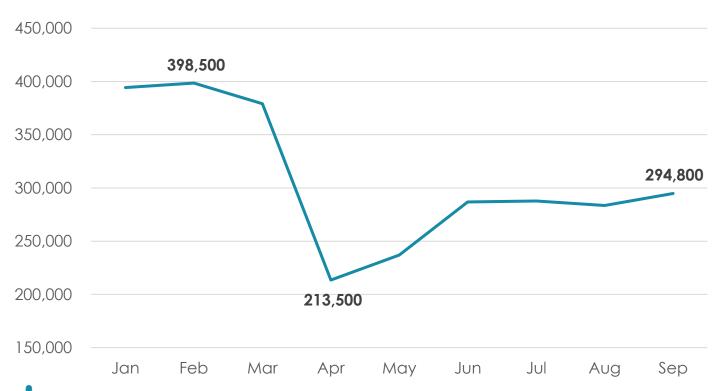
Consumer Spending on Leisure & Hospitality





Leisure & Hospitality Employment

Food Service & Drinking Places Employment



Food Service & Drinking Places

- 185,000 jobs lost during shutdown
- 81,300 jobs gained since shutdown
 - 44% lost jobs recovered
- Total employment is 74% of Feb.



Leisure & Hospitality Employment

Accommodations Employment



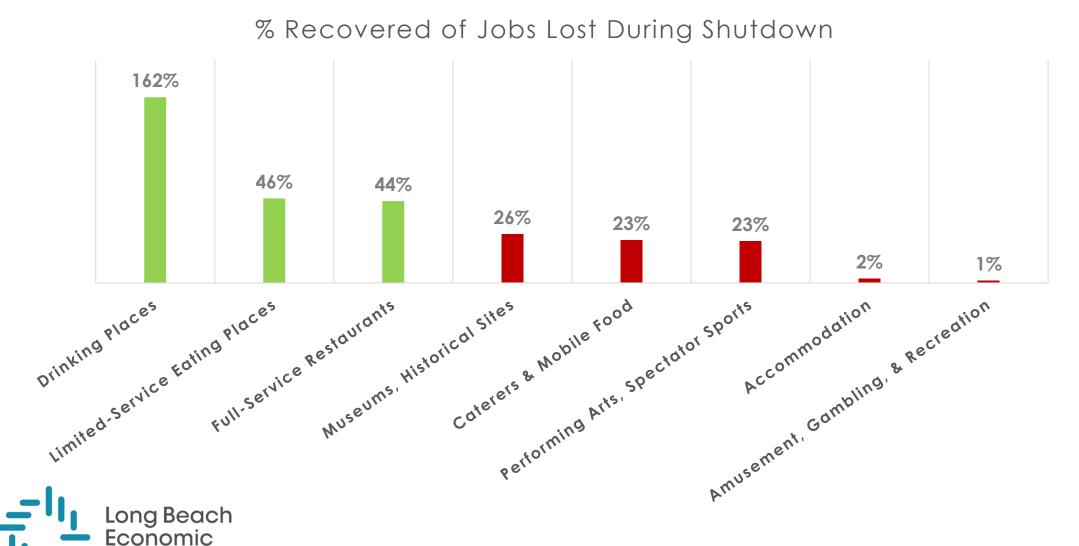
Accommodations

- 22,100 jobs lost during shutdown
- 500 jobs gained since shutdown
 - 2% lost jobs recovered
- Total employment is 56% of Feb.



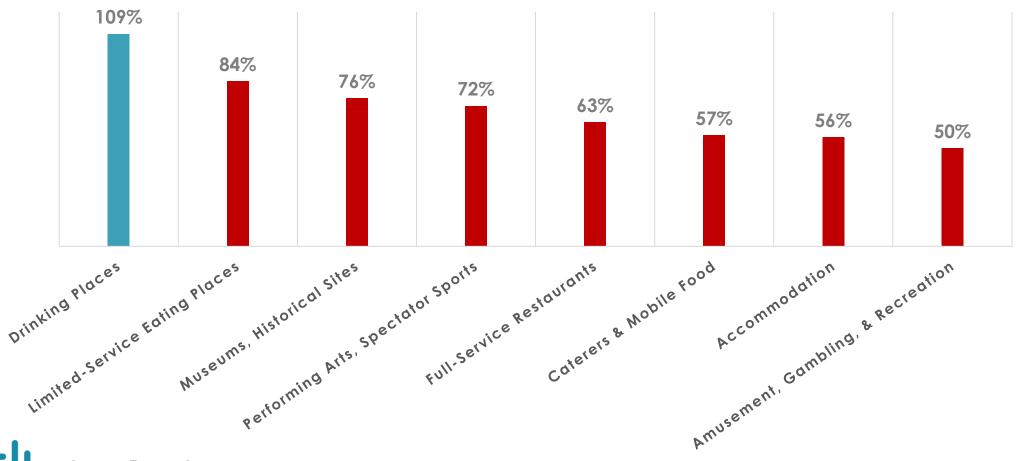
Leisure & Hospitality: Shutdown Job Losses Recovered

Partnership



Leisure & Hospitality Jobs: Now vs. Before Shutdown

September Employment as % of February Employment





Leisure & Hospitality: Innovation & Resilience

Drinking Places

- 1,300 jobs lost during shutdown
- 2,100 jobs gained after shutdown
- 162% of lost jobs recovered
- Total employment is 109% of Feb.



LONG BEACH POST



CORONAVIRUS

SEP 5 9-29 AM

Mayor proposes extending parklet program, permanently blocking off part of Pine Ave





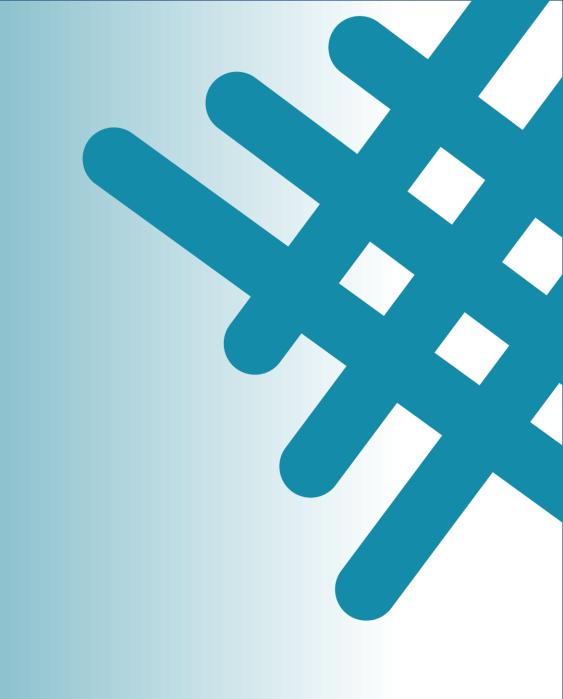
Long Beach officials want more bars to reopen by turning into restaurants





Long Beach





Unemployment

Long Beach Unemployment (2020)

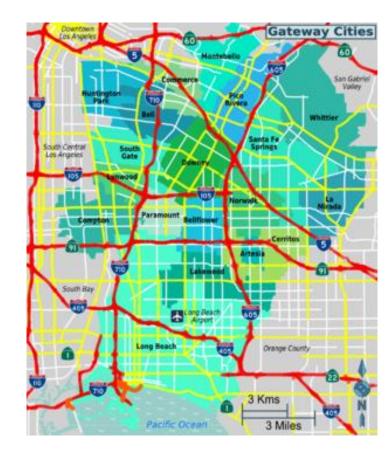


Unemployment & Labor Force

- January 2020: **4.6%**
 - 11,100 unemployed
- May 2020: 21.0%
 - 46,500 unemployed
- September: **15.7%**
 - 36,600 unemployed
- 10,000 Long Beach residents have left the labor force since the beginning of the year

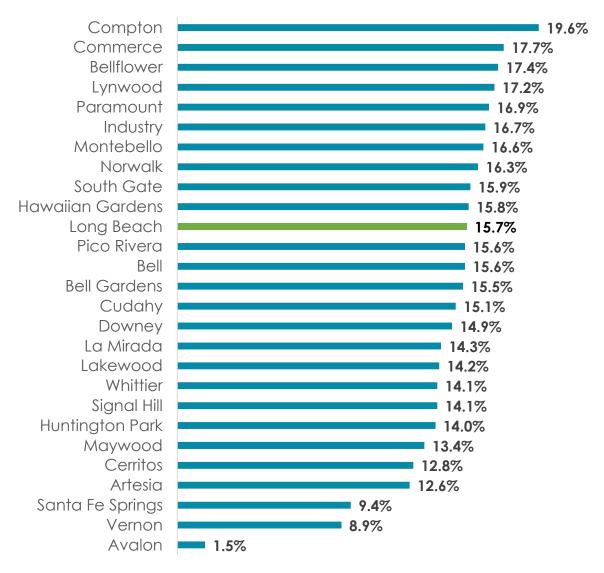


Unemployment



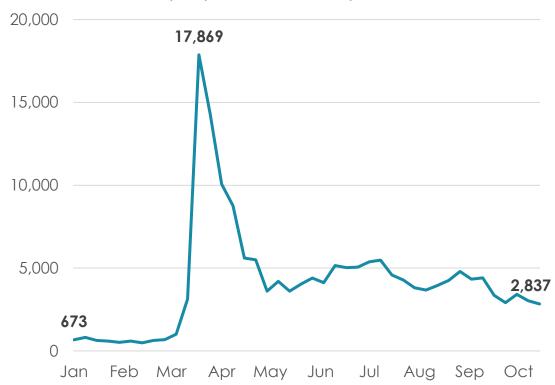


September 2020 Gateway Cities Unemployment



New Unemployment Insurance Claims

Long Beach Unemployment Claims per Week



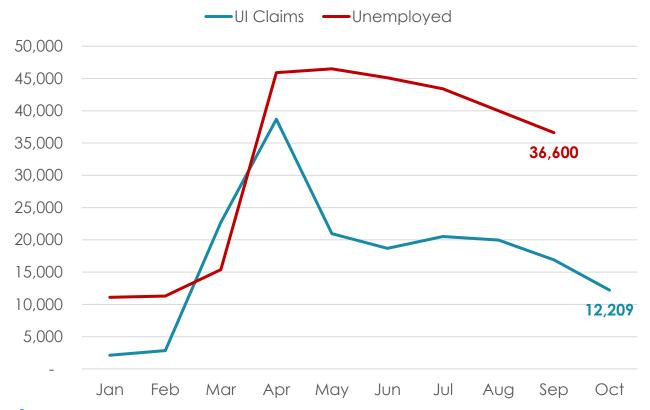
Long Beach New Unemployment Claims

- 175,590 Unemployment Insurance claims filed from January through October
- Jan-Feb: 622 average claims per week
- April: 11,314 average claims per week
- October: **3,052** average claims per week
- Weekly unemployment claims rate is still about 4 times the "normal" rate



New Unemployment Insurance Claims

Long Beach Monthly UI Claims vs. Unemployed



- Unemployment Insurance claims lead recorded unemployment levels by about one month
- Monthly Unemployment Insurance claims fell by
 - **15.4**% in **Septembe**r
 - 27.7% in October



New Unemployment Insurance Claims by Education

Educational Attainment	Total Claims	% Total Claims	% Long Beach Working-Age Population
Less than High School	15,614	9%	22%
High School Diploma or GED	75,222	44%	18%
Some College or Vocational	41,585	24%	24%
Associate's Degree	10,399	6%	8%
Bachelor's Degree	24,500	14%	20%
Master's Degree or Higher	5,714	3%	11%





College-educated residents represent 17% of claims filed this year

New Unemployment Insurance Claims by Industry

Industry	Total Claims	% Total Claims	% LB Employment
Accommodation & Food Services	25,671	18.3%	8.6%
Health Care & Social Assistance	19,124	13.6%	13.5%
Administration & Support, Waste Mgmt.	15,057	10.7%	5.0%
Retail Trade	11,958	8.5%	9.7%
Manufacturing	10,707	7.6%	9.8%
Transportation & Warehousing	9,877	7.0%	7.8%
Educational Services	7,433	5.3%	9.1%
Professional, Scientific, & Technical	7,158	5.1%	7.2%
Construction	6,861	4.9%	5.1%
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	6,573	4.7%	2.8%
Other Services	5,749	4.1%	5.2%
Wholesale Trade	5,515	3.9%	3.0%
Information	3,919	2.8%	2.5%
Finance & Insurance	1,438	1.0%	3.7%
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	1,345	1.0%	2.2%
Government	1,345	1.0%	4.1%
Management of Companies	871	0.6%	0.8%



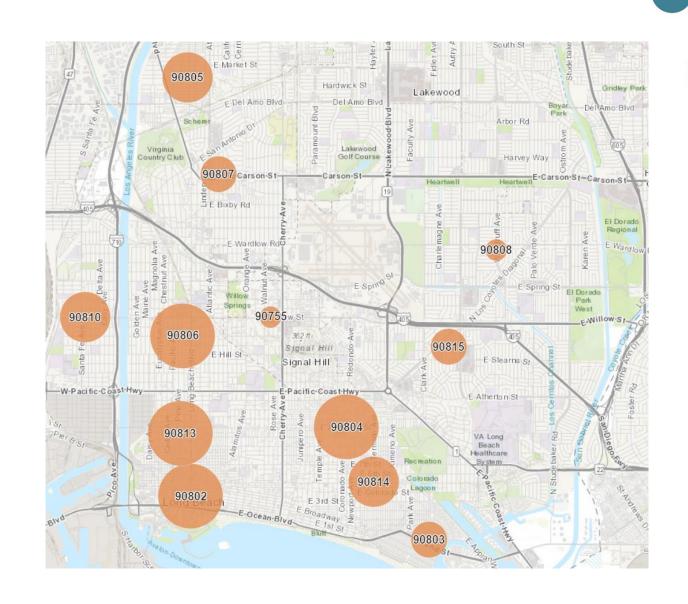
New Unemployment Insurance Claims by Zip Code

Unemployment Insurance Claims per Working Resident by Zip Code

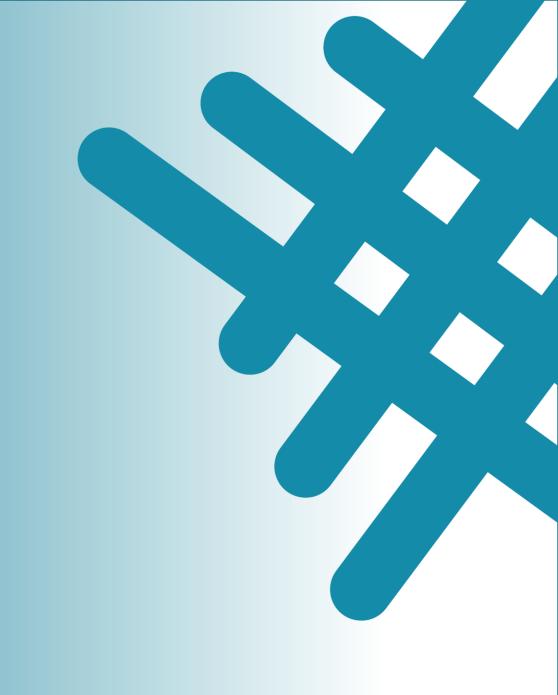
January – October 2020

- Larger circles represent greater concentrations of unemployment claims filed this year
- Lower-income areas of Long Beach appear to be most affected



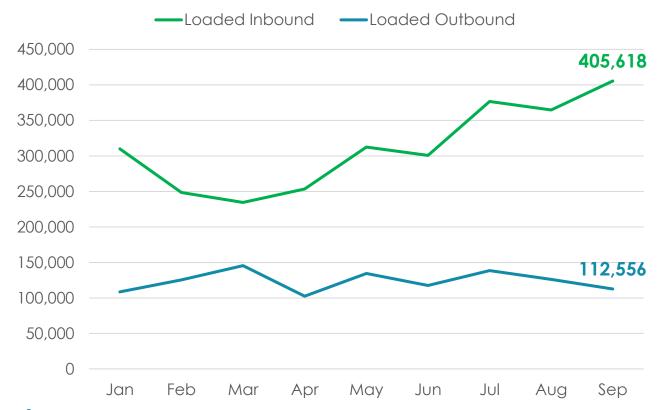






Port of Long Beach Container Volumes

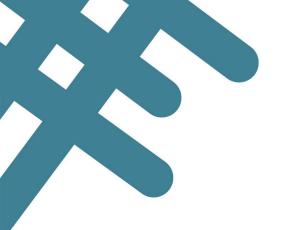
Port of Long Beach Monthly TEUs (2020)



September 2020 Container Volumes

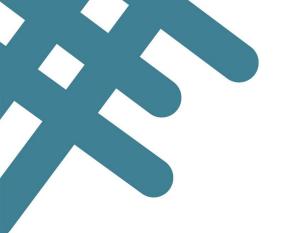
- 405,618 loaded inbound containers
 - Largest in POLB history
 - Signals increase in U.S consumption
- 795,580 total container moves
 - Also largest in POLB history
 - **53%** increase since April 2020





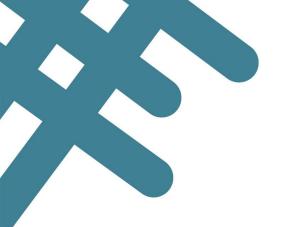
- Overall spending is trending upward
 - Recent port activity signals further increases
 - But some sectors, such as Leisure & Hospitality, are still struggling to recover
- Overall Employment is gradually recovering
 - 30% of LA County jobs lost during shutdown have been recovered
 - Long Beach New Unemployment Insurance claims are trending downward, signaling further reductions in unemployment





- Different impacts for different groups
 - Long Beach Unemployment claims have been especially concentrated among:
 - Lower income neighborhoods
 - Residents with lower educational attainment
 - Employment recovery is much stronger among higher-paying jobs
 - Different recovery paths for different sectors
 - Only 2% of Accommodation jobs recovered
 - Educational Services lost more jobs after the shutdown than during





- What do we do now?
 - Continue with innovative strategies, such as Long Beach's "Parklet Program"
 - Continue with recovery and relief policies that recognize the disparate impacts of the pandemic on different groups
 - Don't reverse our economic recovery progress!
 - WEAR A MASK
 - PRACTICE SOCIAL DISTANCING



THANK YOU



